Primary Sources

Primary Factors: first-hand account, contemporary to the time period, have not been interpreted or evaluated, present original thinking or new information.

Examples

- Literary creation
- Artifacts
- Audio recordings
- Diaries;
- Internet communications on email, listservs;
- Interviews
- Journal articles published in peer-reviewed publications;
- · Letters:
- Newspaper articles written at the time;
- · Original Documents;
- Patents;
- Photographs;
- Proceedings of Meetings, conferences, and symposia;
- · Records of organizations, government agencies;
- · Speeches;
- Survey Research;
- · Video recordings;
- · Works of art, architecture, literature, and music;
- Web site

Secondary Sources

Secondary Factors: commentary, discussion, evaluation, commentary, benefit of hindsight

Examples

Bibliographies (also considered tertiary);*

Biographical works;

Commentaries, criticisms;

Dictionaries, Encyclopedias (also considered tertiary);*

Histories;

Literary criticism such as Journal articles;

Magazine and newspaper articles;

Monographs, other than fiction and autobiography;

Textbooks (also considered tertiary);*

Web site (also considered primary).*

*It all depends on context.

Tertiary Sources

Tertiary Factors: distillation, collection of primary and secondary, reference works, overview of principles and practices in a discipline

Examples

Almanacs;

Bibliographies (also considered secondary);*

Chronologies;

Dictionaries and Encyclopedias (also considered secondary);*

Directories;

Fact books;

Guidebooks;

Indexes, abstracts, bibliographies used to locate primary and secondary sources:

Manuals;

Textbooks (also be secondary).*

*It all depends on context.